(refer to last page for glossary of abbreviations/acronyms)

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
(1) Smoking/Tobacco Use	No tobacco use.	No/Low risk:	No/low risk interventions: All women (regardless of risk status) given information on the effects of tobacco use/second hand smoke during pregnancy and infancy. Information will also be provided regarding smoking cessation programs in the community that partners could attend.	Medicaid beneficiaries who screen positive for tobacco use will stop or decrease tobacco use	Measure 1: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who use tobacco Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries where mother used tobacco Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	Medicaid claims, Vital Records
		Moderate risk: Smoking one pack per day or less or quit smoking since becoming pregnant.	Moderate risk/quit smoking during pregnancy interventions: Contact client by phone at regular intervals (minimum of 1-2 times) throughout pregnancy. Offer motivational support and education; provide and information about health plan (for managed care), community, or MDCH quit line, as needed. Communicate client's quit status to OB and (if managed care) to health plan (fax care plan to OB office and to designated plan contact or phone office and plan); request acknowledgement; document communication in client record.		Measure 2: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who use tobacco Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who use tobacco Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen ***********************************	Medicaid claims, MIHP screen WIC, Vital Records, MIHP screen, ^MIHP discharge summary
			Moderate risk/less than 1 pack/day interventions: Refer client to health plan smoking cessation program		and who use tobacco *********** Measure 4:	

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Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
			(managed care), community, or MDCH quit line for 5A intervention.		% of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a complete MIHP screen who and who use tobacco and who complete a 5A tobacco cessation program	Medicaid claims, MIHP screen, Vital Records, ^^MIHP discharge summary
			Communicate client's tobacco use status to OB and (if managed care) to health plan (fax care plan to OB office and to designated plan contact or telephone office and plan);		Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who use tobacco and who complete a 5A tobacco cessation program	
			request acknowledgement; document referral and communication in client record.		Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who use tobacco	
			Follow-up with client: If ready to change and participating in cessation program, follow up by phone every 4-6 weeks throughout pregnancy; document.		Measure 5: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who receive one or more MIHP tobacco domain interventions and who quit smoking during pregnancy	Medicaid claims, ^^MIHP discharge summary
			If unready to change, increase frequency of follow-up to every 2-4 weeks; assess smoking and readiness status; ensure that		Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who use tobacco <u>and</u> who receive one or more MIHP tobacco domain interventions <u>and</u> who quit smoking by the date of delivery	
			client and OB provider know how to obtain cessation services if client becomes ready; document.		Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who use tobacco and who receive one or more MIHP tobacco domain interventions ***********************************	
			OB provider or plan, as necessary; document all communication.		Measure 6: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who receive one or more MIHP tobacco domain interventions and who decrease smoking during pregnancy	Medicaid claims, ^^MIHP discharge summary
		High risk: Smoking more than one pack per day.	High risk interventions: Perform all interventions for moderate risk/less than 1 pack/day and: If client remains unready to		Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who use tobacco and who receive one or more MIHP tobacco domain interventions and who decrease smoking by the date of delivery	

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
			change, refer for additional counseling in the community and/or educate client and coordinate with PCP or OB provider to consider initiation of nicotine replacement therapy (NRT), which should be considered for all women in this group who are unwilling to quit. Document communication and NRT status.		Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who use tobacco and who receive one or more MIHP tobacco domain interventions	
(2)Prenatal Care	In care and no access issues identified. Care established by 14 weeks.	Low: In care at the time of assessment, but: • began care at or beyond 14 weeks gestation, or • access issues identified.	All women (regardless of risk status) given transportation information Low risk: Coordinate with OB provider and/or health plan. Phone support PRN to ensure appointments are scheduled and kept.	Pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries will enter prenatal care no later than 14 weeks gestation Medicaid beneficiaries will have a Kotelchuck Index = 80-109%	Measure 7: % of Medicaid deliveries where mother entered prenatal care by the end of 14 weeks gestation Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries where mother entered prenatal care by last day of 14 th week gestation Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries (Note: this is a population-based rate) ************************************	Medicaid claims (HEDIS methodology minus continuous enrollment adjusting for week 14) Medicaid claims

	Data Source(s)
Stratification Level	(^^ denotes currently unavailable)
High: No care established beyond 14 weeks. High risk: Coordinate with OB provider and/or health plan.	Iedicaid claims (HEDIS codes/+) Iedicaid claims, Vital Records

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
					Measure 11: % of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck (APNCU) Index 50-79%	Medicaid claims, Vital Records
					Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck Index 50-79%	
					Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	
					Measure 12: % of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck (APNCU) Index 80-109%	Medicaid claims, Vital Records
					Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck Index 80-109%	
					Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	
					Measure 13: % of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck (APNCU) Index ≥ 110%	Medicaid claims, Vital Records
					Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck Index ≥ 110%	
					Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	
					Measure 14: % of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck (APNCU) Index unknown	Medicaid claims, Vital Records
					Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries with Kotelchuck Index unknown	
					Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	
					(Note: total of numerators for measures 4-8 = total number of Medicaid deliveries)	

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
(3) Nutrition	Client enrolled in WIC.	Low: Not enrolled in WIC and BMI within normal limits.	All women (regardless of risk status) given prenatal vitamin information emphasizing the importance of PN vitamins	Pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries will enroll in WIC during the first trimester Medicaid beneficiaries will breastfeed	Measure 15: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries enrolled in WIC	WIC, Medicaid claims
			during preconception and breastfeeding information tailored to level of interest and community resources. Low risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Refer to/enroll client in WIC. Initiate 1-2 contacts to discuss community resources and/or nutritional information, prn. Phone follow-up x 2.	Medicaid beneficiaries will breastreed	Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries enrolled in WIC Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	WIC, Medicaid claims
		High: Inadequate or inappropriate weight gain or low/high BMI	High risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Assess readiness to change. If ready to change, arrange 2-4 sessions for high-risk nutritional counseling. If unready to change, contact 2-3 times to address readiness issues and then biweekly phone calls x 4 for reassessment. If client becomes ready to change, arrange for 2-4 sessions for high-risk		Measure 17: % of Medicaid beneficiaries with a live birth who breastfeed Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries resulting in a live birth where mother breastfed Denominator: number of Medicaid deliveries resulting a live birth ************************************	WIC, Vital Records WIC, Medicaid claims

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Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
			nutritional counseling.		Denominator: number of Medicaid deliveries resulting in a live birth where mother received one or more MIHP nutrition domain interventions ***********************************	
					Measure 19: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen <u>and</u> one or more MIHP nutrition domain interventions <u>and</u> who are enrolled in WIC	WIC, Medicaid claims
					Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and one or more MIHP nutrition domain interventions and who are enrolled in WIC	
					Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and one or more nutrition domain interventions ***********************************	
					Measure 20: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and one or more MIHP nutrition domain interventions and who enroll in WIC during the first trimester	WIC, Medicaid claims
					Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and one or more MIHP nutrition domain interventions and who are enrolled in WIC by last day of 1 st trimester	
					Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and one or more MIHP nutrition domain interventions ***********************************	
					Measure 21: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen at high risk in the nutrition domain and who	^^MIHP discharge summary Medicaid claims

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
(4) Gestational Interval	Wanted/planned pregnancy and XX interval.	Low: Client chose to become pregnant but has a short inter-pregnancy interval.	All women (regardless of risk status) given family planning information and information regarding ideal interpregnancy interval. Low risk: Coordinate efforts with OB provider and/or health plan. Provide educational counseling and materials regarding risk of short inter-pregnancy interval. Review signs of pre-term labor. Contact client bi-weekly beginning at 24-26 weeks to review signs of pre-term labor.	Medicaid beneficiaries' pregnancies will be wanted Medicaid births will occur within an interpregnancy interval no shorter than 18 months	receive one or more MIHP nutritional interventions Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen at high risk in nutrition domain and who receive one or more MIHP nutrition interventions Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen at high risk in nutrition domain Measure 22: % of Medicaid births with an inter-pregnancy interval of < 18 months Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries with inter-pregnancy interval of < 18 months Denominator: number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	Medicaid claims; Vital Records Calculation only Medicaid claims; Vital Records

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					/.	Data Source(s)
Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	(^^ denotes currently
		Stratification Level				unavailable)
		<u>High</u> : Client did not want to	High risk:		pregnancy	
		become pregnant.	Coordinate efforts with			
			OB provider and/or health		Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid	
			plan.		beneficiaries with inter-pregnancy interval <	
			Provide a minimum of two		18 months and who were Medicaid eligible	
			educational/counseling		during previous pregnancy and who received	
			sessions.		MIHP screening during previous pregnancy	
			At 36 weeks, review and			
			document client's		Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid	
			contraceptive plan.		beneficiaries with inter-pregnancy interval <	
			Contact client 2-4 weeks		18 months <u>and</u> who were Medicaid eligible	
			postpartum to assess		during previous pregnancy ************************************	
			maternal-infant bonding			
			and review contraceptive		Measure 25:	Coloulation only
			plan.		% of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries receiving MIHP services with an inter-	Calculation only
			If short inter-preg. interval		pregnancy interval ≥ 18 months and who	
			present, contact client bi-		received MIHP services during the previous	
			weekly beginning at 24-26		pregnancy	
			weeks gestation to review		pregnancy	
			signs of pre-term labor		Calculation: 100% - (measure 44)	

					Measure 26:	
					% of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a	MIHP screen
					completed MIHP screen and who report	
					wanting their current pregnancy	
					Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid	
					beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen	
					and who report wanting their current	
					pregnancy	
					Demonstration of the Control of the	
					Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid	
					beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen	

					Measure 27:	
					% of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a	^^MIHP discharge summary
					completed MIHP screen and who have a	mining disental go summary
					contraceptive plan	
					Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid	

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
					beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who have a contraceptive plan Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen	
(5) Transportation Needs	No transportation issues identified.	Low: Access to transportation the only identified risk. High: Transportation identified in addition to one or more other risk factors.	All women given information regarding transportation services. Low risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Refer to transportation services, prn. High risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Include transportation access in other interventions.	Medicaid beneficiaries' transportation needs will be met during pregnancy	Measure 28: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for transportation needs Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for transportation needs Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen ***********************************	^MIHP discharge summary Medicaid claims

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
(6) Basic Needs	No basic needs identified.	Low: Client has stable housing, but other basic	All women (regardless of risk status) given community	Medicaid beneficiaries' basic needs will be met during pregnancy	Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries receiving transportations services Denominator: number of Medicaid deliveries (Note – population rate) Measure 31: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a	MIHP screen
		needs are at risk (i.e. infrequent food supply concerns, utilities, etc.). High: Client's housing unstable and/or food supply threatened.	specific resource\e information. Low risk: Coordinate efforts with OB provider and/or health plan. Initiate community referrals. Contact client weekly to bi-weekly until stable, then monthly. High risk: Coordinate efforts with OB provider and/or health plan. Initiate community referrals. Contact client weekly until stable, then monthly.		completed MIHP screen and who have basic needs (e.g., housing, food, utilities) Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who have basic needs (e.g., housing, food, utilities) Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen Measure 32: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for basic needs and who receive one or more basic needs domain MIHP interventions Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for basic needs and who receive one or more basic needs domain MIHP interventions Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for basic needs domain MIHP interventions	MIHP screen, ^^MIHP discharge summary
(7) Physical Safety	Negative screen.	Low: Client has been in a previously abusive relationship.	All women (regardless of risk status) given DV/IPV information and community intervention information. Low risk: Coordinate with the OB	Medicaid beneficiaries who screen positive for domestic violence will obtain intervention	Measure 33: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for domestic violence Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIPH screen	MIHP screen

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
		High: Client in a current abusive relationship.	provider and/or health plan. Review and discuss personal safety. Provide client with community-specific intervention information/resources. High risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Initiate DV intervention referral. Develop, review, and document personal safety reviewed and emergency plan. Initiate weekly contact until stable. Monthly program contact thereafter.		and who screen positive for domestic violence Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen ***********************************	MIHP screen, ^^MIHP discharge summary MIHP screen, ^^MIHP discharge summary (QUESTION – WOULD CLAIMS BE USED HERE, ALSO?)
(8) Chronic Disease	No chronic disease(s) identified.	Low: Client understands and adheres to her chronic disease treatment plan or is enrolled in a health plan DM program.	 Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. If not already enrolled, refer to available health 	Pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with chronic diseases will receive care coordination Pregnant women receiving MIHP services	violence intervention Measure 36: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who have asthma (or diabetes - repeat this measure for diabetes)	MIHP screen

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
			plan DM program(s). Contact client monthly to every trimester to ensure client is stable.	will experienced decreased ED and IP admissions for diabetes and asthma	Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who have asthma (or diabetes)	
		High: Client does not understand her chronic disease treatment plan, is not adhering to the plan, or has an ED or IP admission in the six months prior to assessment for the identified condition(s).	Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Refer to available health plan DM program(s) and coordinate with DM case management. If no DM program available, contact client weekly until stable, then bi-weekly to monthly.		Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen ***********************************	MIHP screen, ^^MIHIP discharge summary
					Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for asthma (or diabetes – calculate separately) ***********************************	Medicaid claims (all)
					Numerators (calculated separately): number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with asthma <u>or</u> diabetes (calculated separately) and numbers of asthma (<u>or</u> diabetes) ED visits (also IP – calculated separately) Denominators: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with asthma <u>or</u> diabetes	

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
					(calculated separately) (Note – these are population-based rates) ******************************** Measures 42-45: Rates – for pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who have asthma or diabetes: • Asthma ED visits • Asthma IP admissions • Diabetes ED visits • Diabetes IP admissions Numerators (calculated separately): number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who have asthma or diabetes (calculated separately) and numbers of asthma (or diabetes) ED visits (also IP – calculated separately) Denominators: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen with asthma or diabetes (calculated separately) (Note – these are program rates)	MIHP screen, Medicaid claims
(9) Substance Abuse	No substance use.	Low: Client previously or currently in substance abuse treatment.	All women (regardless of risk status) given basic educational materials regarding substance use and treatment. Low risk: Coordinate efforts with OB provider and/or health plan. Initiate bi-weekly to monthly contact to ensure treatment is successful.	Medicaid beneficiaries who screen positive for alcohol/substance use will stop or decrease alcohol/substances	Measure 46: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who use alcohol/substances Numerator: number of Medicaid deliveries where mother used alcohol or substances Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries ************************************	QUESTION – ARE DATA AVAILABLE TO CALCULATE THIS RATE? Medicaid claims, ^^MIHP discharge summary

			05-15-06		,
Core Domain Negative Screen	Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
	High: Client admits to alcohol and/or substance use.	High risk: Coordinate efforts with OB provider and/or health plan. Assess readiness to change. If client is ready to change, refer for treatment. If client is unready to change, contact weekly for 4-6 weeks to work on readiness to change.		Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who use alcohol or substances and who receive one or more MIHP alcohol/substance domain interventions Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who use alcohol or substances ************************************	MIHP screen, Medicaid claims Medicaid claims, ^^MIHP discharge summary

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
					and who receive one or more MIHP alcohol/substance domain interventions	
(10) Behavioral Health/Depression	Negative screen for depression.	Low: Edinburgh depression tool results in a mild score, or woman is already being treated for depression.	All women (regardless of risk status) given information regarding signs of perinatal depression and treatment. Low risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan (with appropriate client consent). Educate client on the benefits of exercise to treat mood disorders.	Medicaid beneficiaries who screen positive for depression (during pregnancy or after delivery) will obtain treatment	Measure 50: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries with a completed MIHP screen and who screen positive for depression Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive for depression Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHIP screen ***********************************	Medicaid claims, MIHP screen
		High: Edinburgh depression tool results in a moderate or severe score.	Refer for counseling and/or support group. Initiate monthly contact with client to reassess (Edinburgh) and provide support. High risk: Coordinate with the OB provider and/or health plan. Educate woman on the benefits of exercise to		% of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries screening positive/mild for depression who are referred for treatment Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive/mild for depression and who are referred for treatment Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive/mild for depression ************************************	MIHP screen, ^^MIHP Discharge Summary
			treat mood disorders. Refer for and coordinate pharmacological treatment with the OB provider and/or health plan BH provider or CMH (with appropriate client consent).		Measure 52: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries screening positive/moderate for depression who are referred for treatment Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive/moderate for depression and who are referred for treatment	MIHP screen, ^^MIHP discharge summary

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
Core Domain	Negative Screen		Refer for counseling and/or support group. Initiate weekly contact with client until stable and then bi-weekly to monthly. Develop and document emergency plan.	Desired Outcome(s)	Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive/moderate for depression ***********************************	
					and who screen positive for depression and who are referred for treatment ************************************	
					% of Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a depression screen after delivery	QUESTION – NEED CLARIFICATION – IS THIS A POPULATION OR PROGRAM

Core Domain	Negative Screen	Positive Screen/Risk Stratification Level	Intervention(s)	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
					Numerator: number of Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a depression screen after delivery	RATE?
					Denominator: number of Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen	

Additional Program	Evaluation Measures:	Desired Outcome(s)	Measure(s)	Data Source(s) (^^ denotes currently unavailable)
(11) MIHP Screening		Pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries will receive MIHP screening	Measure 56: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen	Medicaid claims and MIHP screen
			Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen	
			Denominator: total number of Medicaid deliveries	
			(Note: this is a population-based rate)	
			************** Measure 57: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive in one or more domains and who complete a MIHP assessment	Medicaid claims
			Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive in one or more domains and who complete a MIHP assessment	
			Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries who complete a MIHP screen and who screen positive in one or more domains ***********************************	
			Measure 58: % of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries screening positive <u>and</u> who receive MIHP services	MIHP screen, Medicaid claims, ^^MIHP discharge summary
			Numerator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries screening positive <u>and</u> who receive MIHP services	
			Denominator: number of pregnant Medicaid beneficiaries screening positive	

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(12)MIHP Interventions	Number of MHP visits will be determined by client risk Measure 59: Mean number of MHP Medicaid heneficiaries screen and who screen domains — also calculate in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at low risk in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at low risk in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at low risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at low risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (number of MHP visits beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries who comp and screen at high risk in (Note — also calculate beneficiaries)	who complete a MIHP at low risk in all the by domain of Medicaid plete a MIHP screen in all domains) x s for these of Medicaid plete a MIHP screen in all domains by domain) ****************** ***************
(13) Client Satisfaction		who report being stisfied" with the MIHP Medicaid beneficiaries regram survey (to be being "satisfied" or

Maternal Infant Health Program

Summary of Recommended Stratification Criteria, Interventions, Measures by Domain and Associated Data Sources

	 	05-15-06		
			Denominator: number of Medicaid beneficiaries responding to a MIHP post-program survey (Note: survey to be developed; question whether to sub-segment into two groups: those screening negative in all domains and receive basic info only and those screening positive and receiving more intensive program services)	
(14) Provider Satisfaction		MIHP providers will be satisfied with the program	Measure 62: % of MIHP providers responding to a program survey who report being "satisfied" or "very satisfied" with the MIHP Numerator: number of MIHP providers responding to a program survey (to be developed) who report being "satisfied" or "very satisfied" with the MIHP Denominator: number of MIHP providers responding to a MIHP program survey	^^Provider survey

Glossary of abbreviations/acronyms:

CMH: Community Mental Health IPV: intimate partner violence

DM: disease management

MIHP: Maternal Infant Health Program

DV: domestic violence

ED: emergency department

OB: obstetrics

PN: prenatal

HEDIS: Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set

PRN: when necessary

IP: inpatient WIC: Women, Infants and Children Program

The Kotelchuck Index, also called the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization (APNCU) Index, uses two crucial elements obtained from birth certificate data-when prenatal care began (initiation) and the number of prenatal visits from when prenatal care began until delivery (received services). The Kotelchuck index classifies the adequacy of initiation as follows: pregnancy months 1 and 2, months 5 and 6, and months 7 to 9, with the underlying assumption that the earlier prenatal care begins the better. To classify the adequacy of received services, the number of prenatal visits is compared to the expected number of visits for the period between when care began and the delivery date. The expected number of visits is based on the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists prenatal care standards for uncomplicated pregnancies and is adjusted for the gestational age when care began and for the gestational age at delivery. A ratio of observed to expected visits is calculated and grouped into four categories-Inadequate (received less than 50% of expected visits), Intermediate (50%-79%), Adequate (80%-109%), and Adequate Plus (110% or more). The final Kotelchuck index measure combines these two dimensions into a single summary score. The profiles define adequate prenatal care as a score of 80% or greater on the Kotelchuck Index, or the sum of the Adequate Plus categories. (source: http://scangis.dhec.sc.gov/scannet/defn/birthdefn.htm)